

Towards accurate numerical simulation of floating wind turbines using anisotropic adaptive finite elements

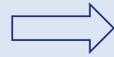
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Simulation of floating wind turbines using accurate geometry representation



FLOATGEN wind turbine operating on SEM-REV test site

- Extreme conditions
- Heavy loads on the structures
- Engineering models provide variable precision



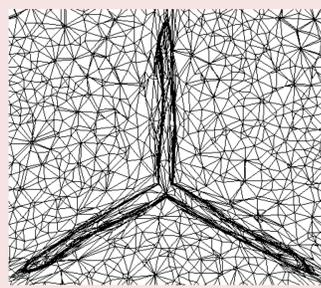
Using ICI-tech and CN SuperComputing

- Monolithic approach, unique mesh
- Exact representation of the structures (like blades)
- Massively parallel developments, runs on LIGER

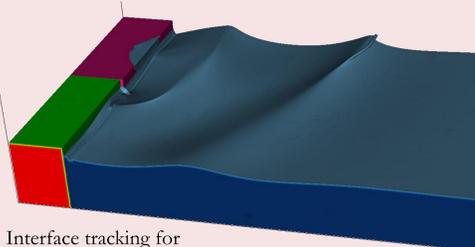
Numerical methods

Representing wind turbines

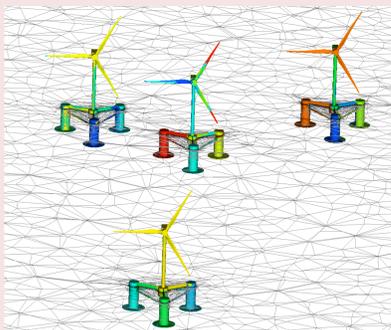
- Level-set functions for each phase
- Octree-optimized immersed volume strategy
- Anisotropic and automatic meshing from a posteriori error estimation
- Massively parallelized



Automatic anisotropic mesh adaptation



Interface tracking for wave generation numerical simulations



Parallel scalability tests on wind turbine representation

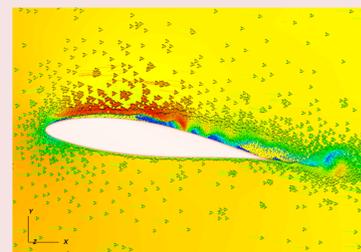
Solving the Navier-Stokes equations

- Stabilized finite elements
- Incompressible Navier-Stokes solved with a Variational MultiScale approach
- Monolithic resolution
- Linear system resolution with PETSc

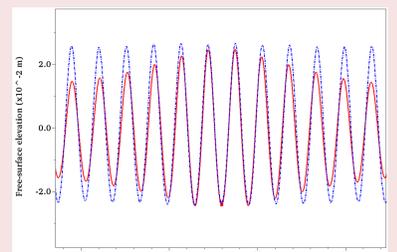
Validations

Aerodynamics

- Flows around a sphere at low Re
- Flows around NACA's at moderate Re
- Towards high Re flows on full blades
- Integration in IEA Wind – Task 29



Velocities around a NACA geometry, a classical aerodynamic benchmark



Free-surface elevation with a fixed mesh for a time step of 10^{-2} s (red) and 10^{-3} s (blue)

Hydrodynamics

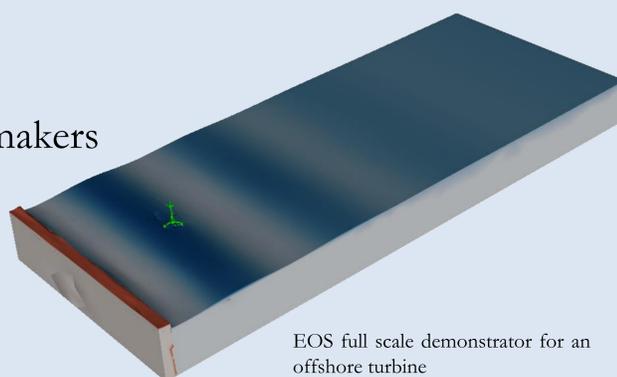
- Numerical wave basin
 - physical wave maker, with HOS-NWT^[1]
 - source term approach
- Validation for target wave fields

^[1] Ducroz et al, 2012.

Floating wind turbine demonstrator

First developments

- Environmental conditions
 - Swell with physical wave makers
 - Uniform ambient wind
- Wind turbine
 - Fixed foundations
 - Rigid blades
 - Prescribed rotation
- Potential to represent several turbines



EOS full scale demonstrator for an offshore turbine

Perspectives

Validation

- Improve aerodynamic & hydrodynamic predictions

Demonstrator

- Extension to buoyancy, moorings, irregular wave fields, ...

Go further

- Machine learning for scale-up purposes

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