

RESEARCH INVESTIGATIONS ON MULTI-PHYSIC AND MULTISCALE KEY TOPICS FOR FLOATING WIND TURBINE BEHAVIOR



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Facilitating the maturation of Floating Wind Turbine

Design methodologies, Performance prediction, High Performance Computing, Multiphysic modelling, Complex environment, Similitude laws, Verification & Validation, Performance validation, Permitting, ...

Preferential partnerships with

INNOSEA
An LOC Group company

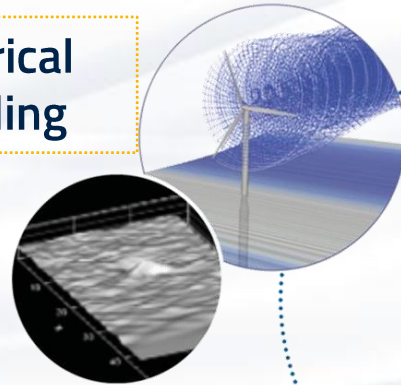
on Integrated Design Tools

&

D - I C E
ENGINEERING

on FOWT&FOWF Control

Numerical modelling



SEMREV sea test site

- 1km² maritime zone.
- 20km off the coast
- grid connected: 8MW 25km-long cable



In situ monitoring and survey



Model Tests



Ocean Engineering Tank:

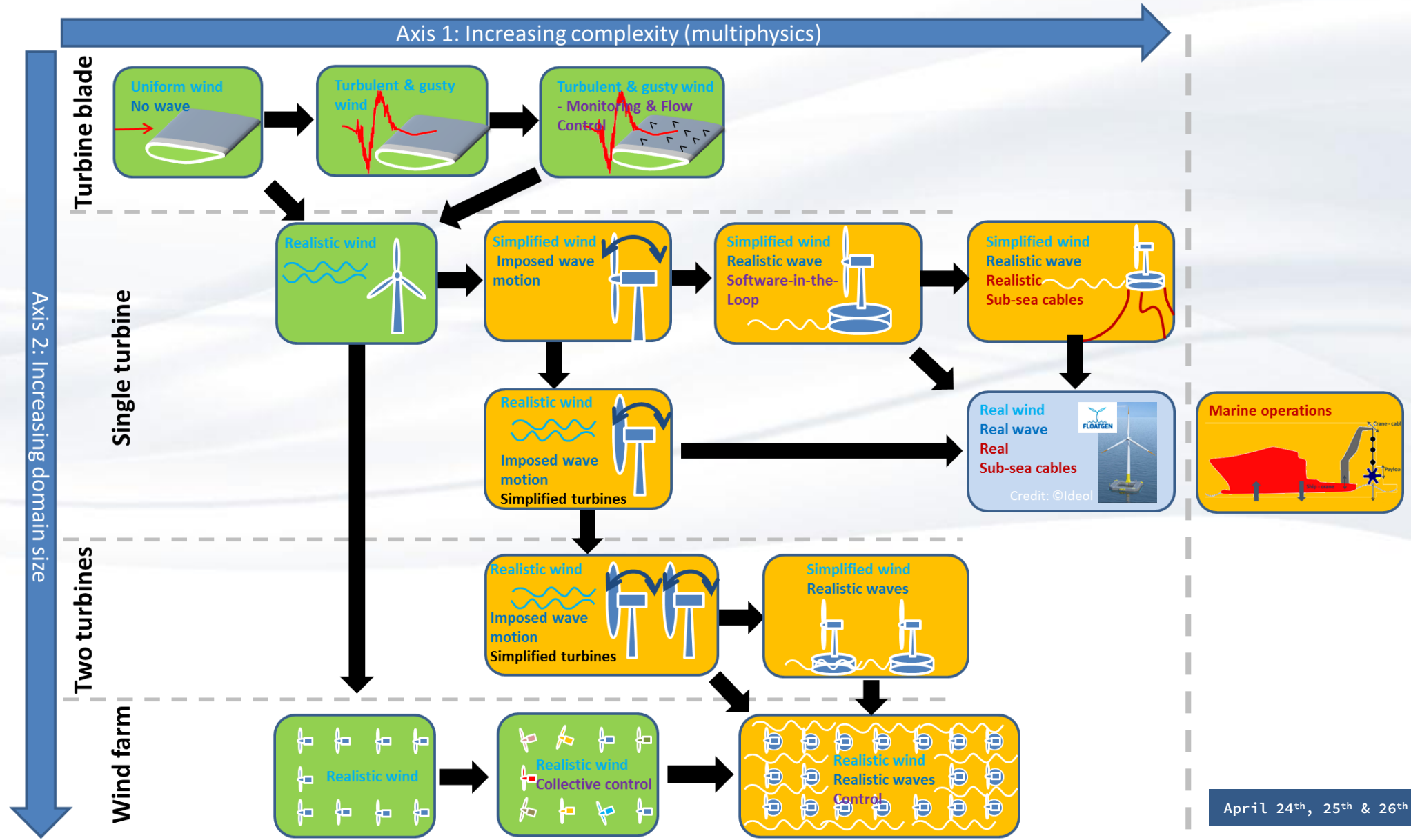
- 50m x 30m x 5m
- Equipped with a segmented wave maker composed of 48 flaps.
- FOWT model testing: drag disk, geometry scaled rotor, SIL.

**From the first
idea**

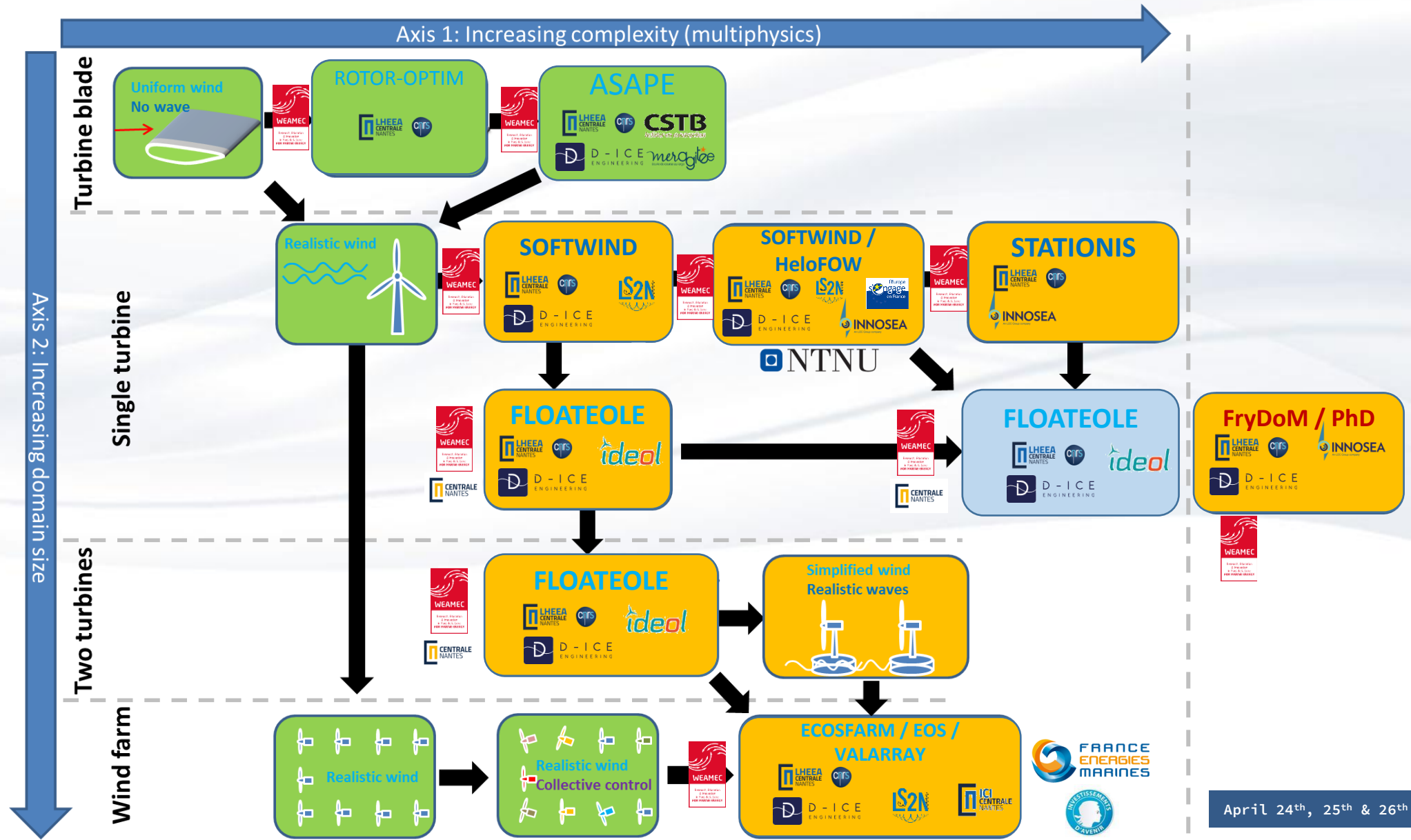


**To demonstration
in real conditions**

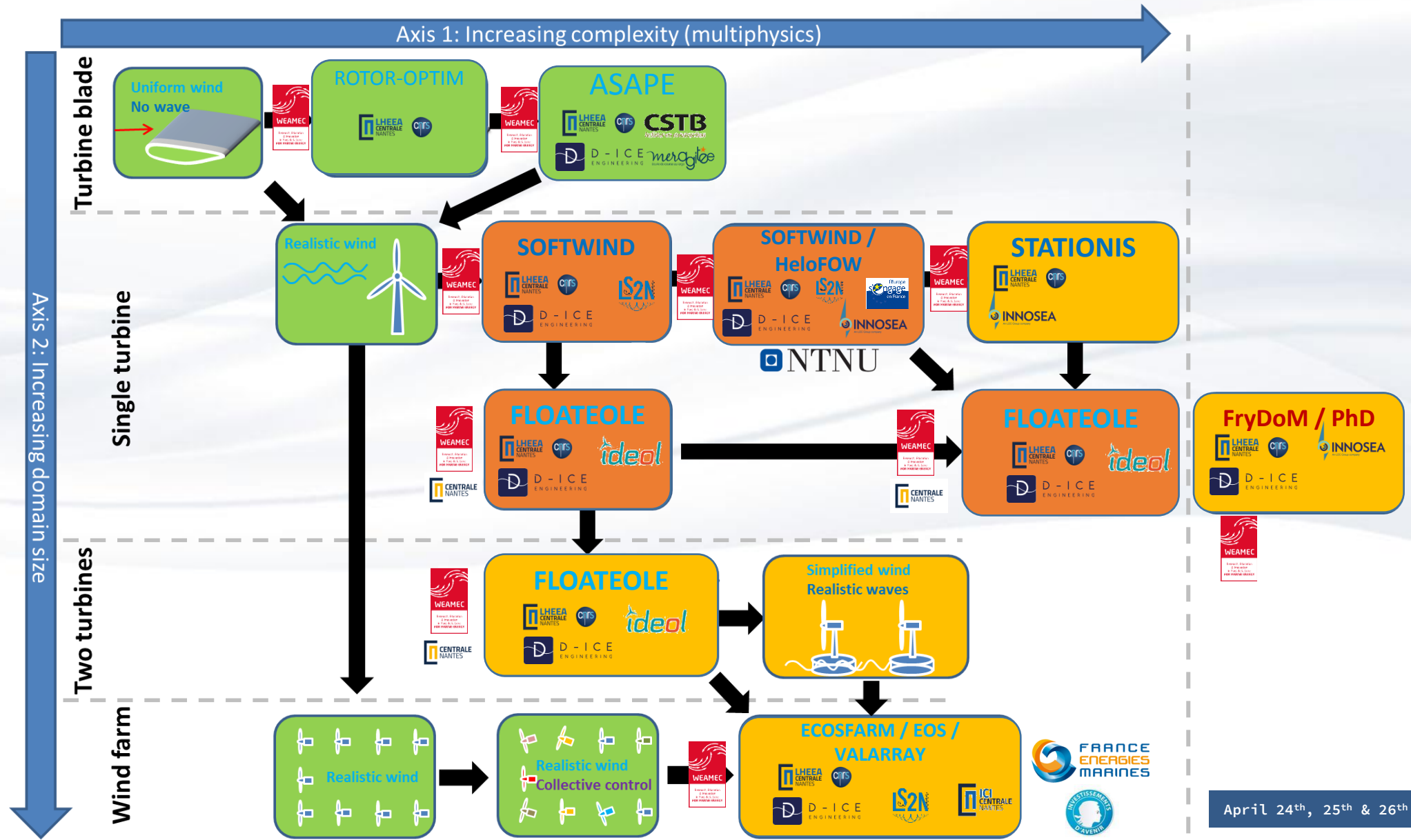
Facilitating the maturation of Floating Wind Turbine



Ongoing projects



Ongoing projects



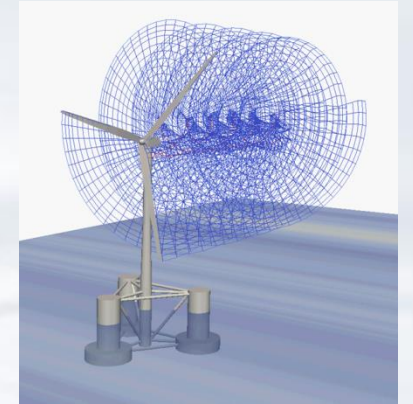


Compliant, deformable floating platform designs expected to emerge.



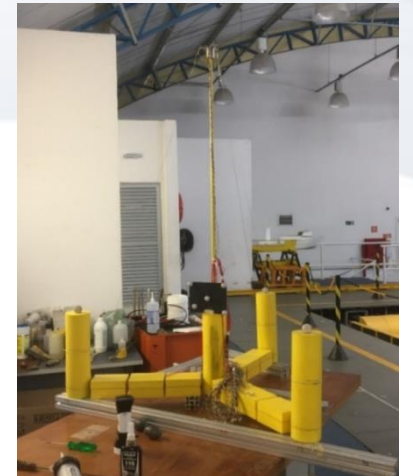
Hydro-elastic modelling of floating wind turbines

- **Improvements of state-of-the-art aero-hydro-servo-elastic numerical tools** for the design and optimization of floating offshore wind platforms with higher-order wave load models (HOS developed by LHEEA).
- **Original experimental tests:** lack of experimental data on both the elastic deformations and the global forces and moments acting on a FOWT substructure precludes validation of numerical models.



Scientific and technical challenges :

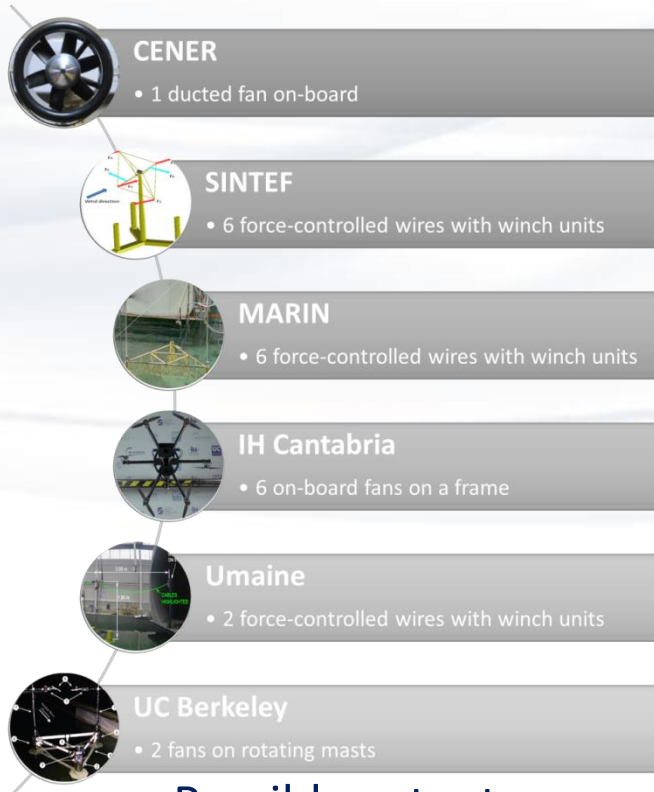
- To adapt elastic model testing strategies to FOWT platforms
- *Coupling between a higher-order wave load model with a structural model*



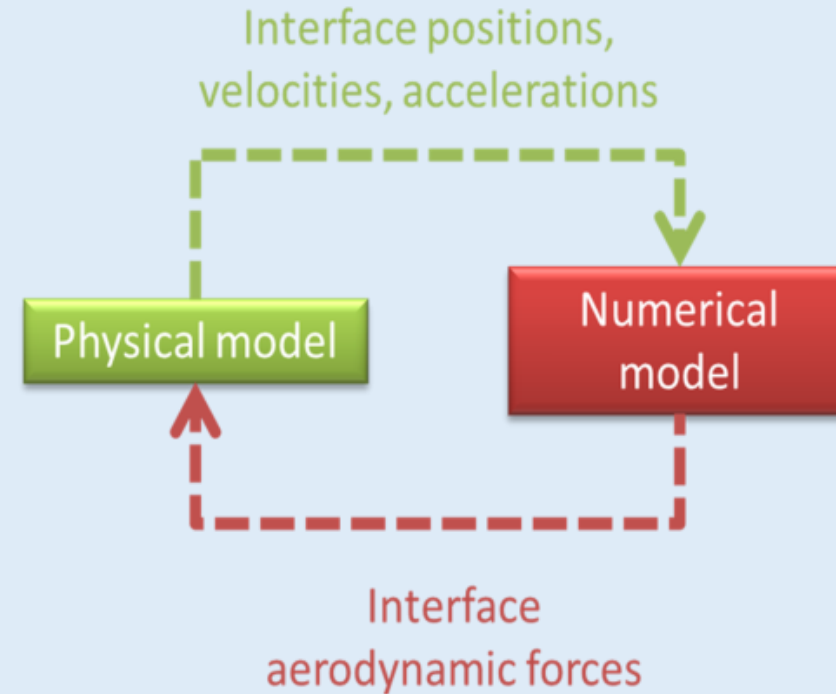
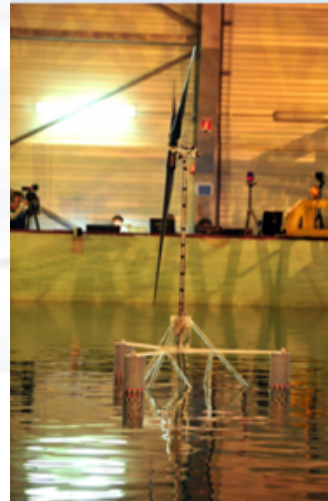


multidisciplinary approach to study the aero-hydro-servo coupling

Wave tank testing of control laws by means of Software-In-the-Loop approach
=> Test various control laws to identify the most efficient in terms of WT performance



Possible actuators



Current set-up with imposed motions

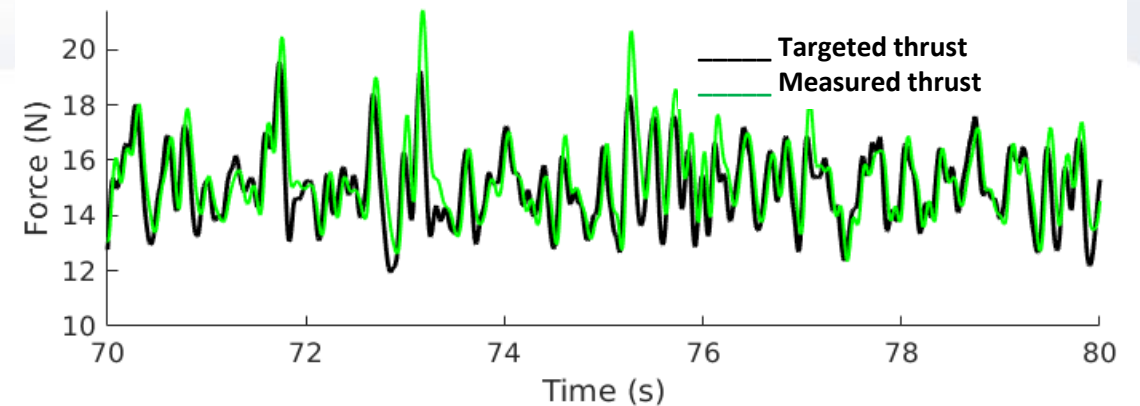


A test bench with a single actuator is currently tested. The purpose of this set up is the validation of :

- the communication protocols,
- the real-time execution of the numerical model,
- the motion and force observers,
- the preliminary actuator model identification.

Preliminary validation tests consist in imposed motions by means of a hexapod and will be followed by wave tank tests next September.

Preliminary tests

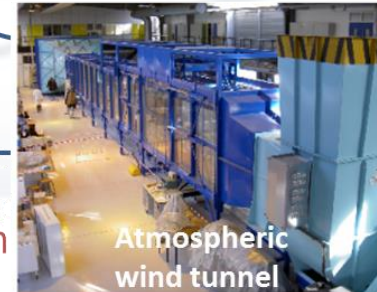


Floating Wind farms = > wake interactions

Experimental characterization of the wave impact on the unsteady aerodynamical behavior of floating wind turbines

- Multidisciplinary approach to study the wind – wave – structure coupling
- Experiments performed in controlled and real conditions (wind tunnel and sea test site, respectively)

Aerodynamic behavior under floater motion emulation

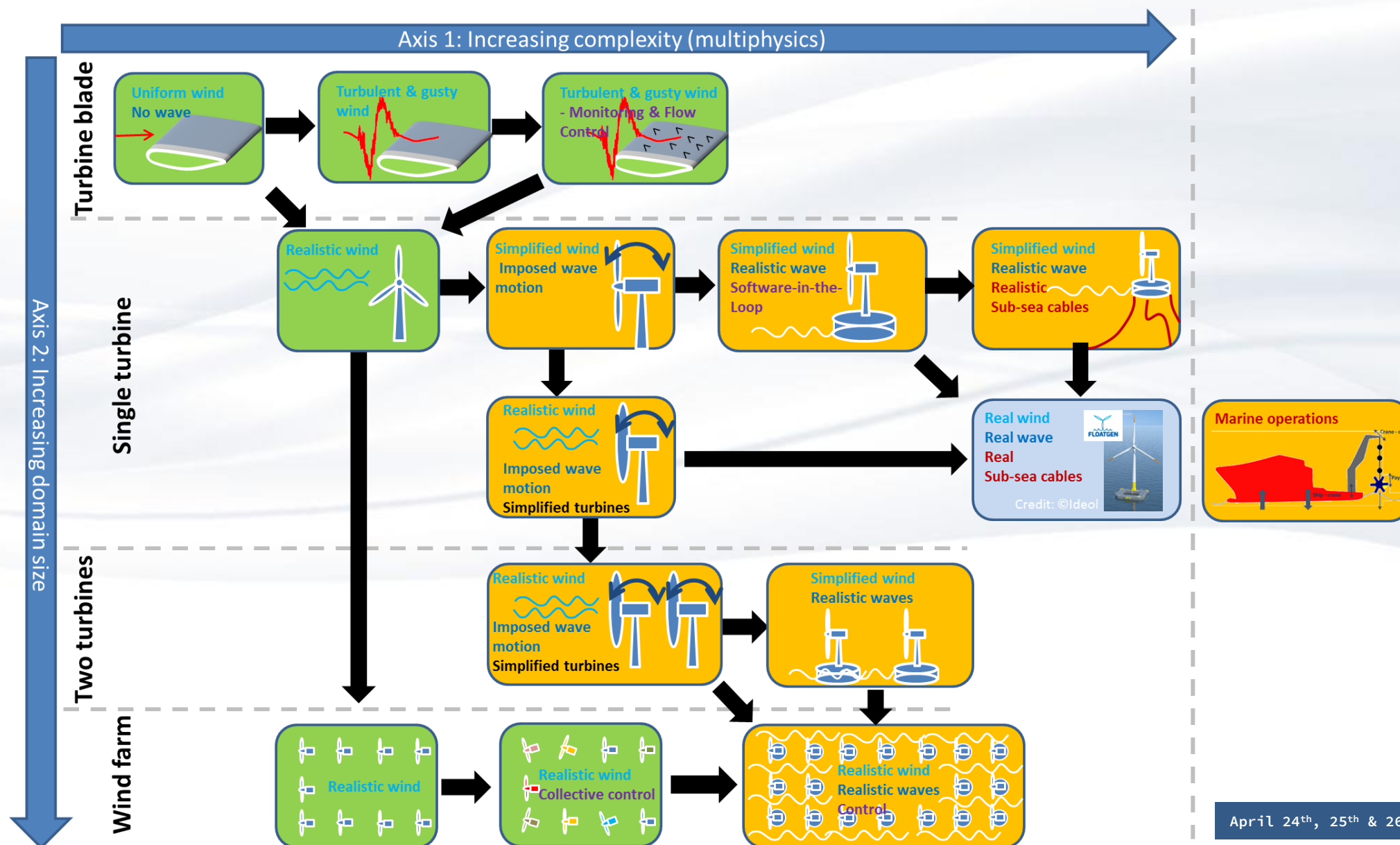


Wind resource and wake through LiDAR measurements



Scientific and technical challenges :

- Does the floater motion have an impact on the wind turbine wake development?
- Wind tunnel testing: Floater motion emulation at very reduced scale
- Sea testing: scanning LiDAR measurement on floating structures

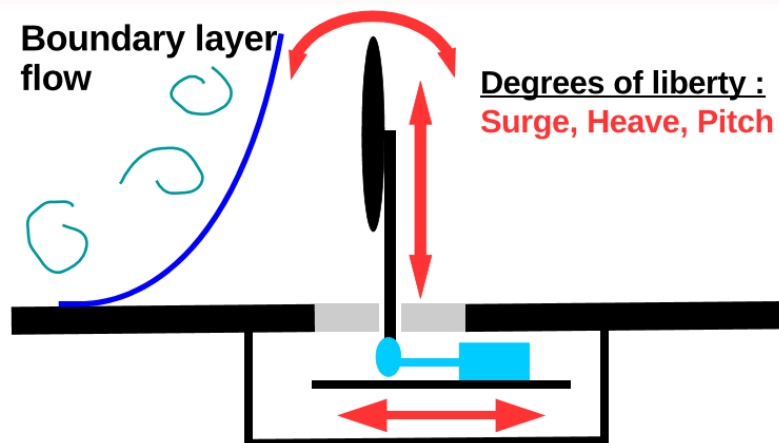


Technical challenges



• Wind tunnel experiments

- Design a motion system that can emulate the floaters movements in different sea states
 - From idealised to extreme cases
 - For a reduction scale of 1:400

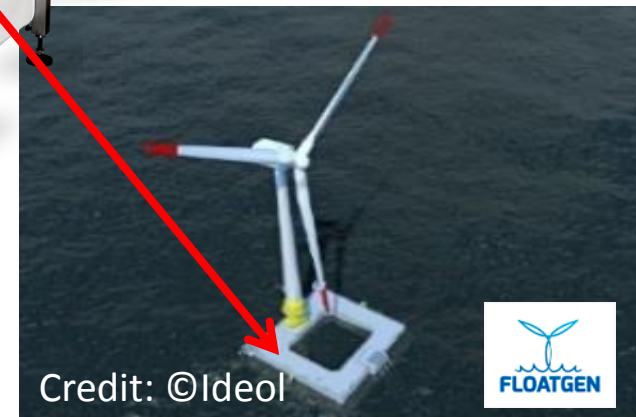


• Insite experiments

- Mitigate the influence of floater motions on the LiDAR measurements
 - Stabilizing platform
 - Control of the scanning head



Scanning Windcube



Credit: ©Ideol

