



The super-element method

for ship collision and grounding fast analysis

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• Finite Element Analysis

 $_{\circ}$ Worldwide used today







• Finite Element Analysis

- Worldwide used today
- $_{\circ}$ Validated







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- But ...
 - $_{\circ}$ Long and costly
 - Not well suited for risk analysis
 - Requires some expertise







• Finite Element Analysis

- Worldwide used today
- Validated
- But ...
 - Long and costly
 - Not well suited for risk analysis
 - Requires some expertise
- ... need some tool:
 - 。 ... rapid
 - ... simple to used





CONTENT

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Ship external dynamics
- 3. Super-element method
- 4. Applications
- 5. Conclusion





• Ship external dynamics is driven by

- Inertia forces *M(∞)*
- Dissipative forces
 - Wave radiation *C(\varnot*)
 - Drag **D**
- Buoyancy forces *K*









- Ship external dynamics is driven by
 - o Inertia forces *M(∞*)
 - Dissipative forces
 - Wave radiation *C(ω*)
 - Drag D
 - Hydrostatic restoring forces *K*



• Solve numerically





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 - o Inertia forces 𝔐(∞)
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 - Drag D
 - B Hydrostatic restoring forces *K*



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• Solve numerically



• Example: Oil carrier bulb against submarine



Impact on superstructure

Reference

H. Le Sourne, E.R. Donner, F. Besnier, M. Ferry – External dynamics of ship-submarine collision – 2nd International Conference on Collision and Grounding of Ships, pp 137-144, Copenhagen 2001



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Impact on superstructure



• Validation: Cargo bow against submarine





Experimental test on scaled models

Reference

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Principle of the method Split struck and striking ships 1. into super-elements Identify the impacted elements 2. F_e 3. $F_T =$ Compute the crushing force Update the ships velocities (MCOL) 4. 5. If $V_2 > V_1$ then stop

• External force work rate







• External force work rate







• External force work rate



 $dE_{ext} = F \cdot d\delta \Longrightarrow \dot{E}_{ext} = F \cdot \dot{\delta}$





• Internal energy rate







• Upper-bound theorem (N. Jones, 1989)

$$\Rightarrow \dot{E}_{ext} = \dot{E}_{int}$$
$$\Leftrightarrow F \cdot \dot{\delta} = \dot{E}_{int} \Rightarrow F = \frac{\dot{E}_{int}}{\dot{\delta}}$$

Reference: N. Jones, 1997. Structural Impact, Cambridge University, Cambridge, UK.





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Calculate the resistant force

Calculate the internal energy rate

Reference: N. Jones, 1997. Structural Impact, Cambridge University, Cambridge, UK.





• 1st step: choose a mechanism

- The more realistic as possible
- *U* compatible with boundary conditions
- Account for the striking shape









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- 1st step: choose a mechanism
 - The more realistic as possible
 - *U* compatible with boundary conditions
 - Account for the striking shape

• 2nd step: derive strain rate

- Large displacements
- Green-Lagrange deformations

$$\dot{\varepsilon}_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{U}_i}{\partial X_j} + \frac{\partial \dot{U}_j}{\partial X_i} + \frac{\partial \dot{U}_k}{\partial X_i} \cdot \frac{\partial U_k}{\partial X_j} + \frac{\partial U_k}{\partial X_i} \cdot \frac{\partial \dot{U}_k}{\partial X_j} \right)$$





• **3rd step: derive internal energy rate:**

- Consider a Rigid Plastic behavior law
- Choose a plasticity criteria
- **Example:** plaque impacted perpendicularly

$$\dot{E}_{\rm int} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \sigma_0 t_p \int_A \sqrt{\dot{\varepsilon}_{XX}^2 + \dot{\varepsilon}_{YY}^2 + \dot{\varepsilon}_{XY}^2 + \dot{\varepsilon}_{XX}} \dot{\varepsilon}_{YY} \, dA$$







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- Developed super-elements
 - Side shell



Plate clamped on its 4 edges





- Developed super-elements
 - Side Shell
 Decks, bottom

Plate clamped on 3 edges





- Developed super-elements
 - Side Shell
 - Decks, bottom
 - o Transverse bulkheads







- Developed super-elements
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- Developed super-elements
 - Side Shell
 - Decks, bottom

• Transverse bulkheads



• **SHARP** collision analysis tool



• Discrepancy / FEA < 15%

Reference

H. Le Sourne, N. Besnard, C. Cheylan, N. Buannic – A Ship Collision Analysis Program Based on Upper Bound Solutions and Coupled with a Large Rotational Ship Movement Analysis Tool – Journal of Applied Mathematics, 2012 – DOI 10.1155/2012/375686







- Developed super-elements
 - **o** Bottom stranding



Plastic bending, membrane straining





- Developed super-elements
 - Bottom stranding
 - Floor/girders stranding



Plastic bending, membrane straining





- Developed super-elements
 - Bottom stranding
 - Floor/girders stranding
 - Intersection



Plastic hinges, membrane straining





- Developed super-elements
 - Bottom stranding
 - Floor/girders stranding
 - Intersection
 - Bottom raking



Plastic bending, membrane straining, tearing and friction





- Developed super-elements
 - Bottom stranding
 - Floor/girders stranding
 - Intersection
 - Bottom raking
 - Floor raking



Plastic bending, tearing and friction





• **FLARE** grounding analysis tool







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LS-DYNA / MCOL : CPU time = 28h17min
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FLARE / MCOL : CPU time = 10 sec.





Ship collision against lock gates

- Local crushing then **global deformation**
- Global deformation (bending + membrane) mainly governed by gate side and horizontal stiffeners



Reference

H. Le Sourne, J.C. Rodet, C. Clanet – Crashworthiness Analysis of a Lock Gate Impacted by Two Different River Ships – International Journal of Crashworthiness, Vol 7 n°4 pp 371-396, 2002







Ship collision against lock gates

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Ship collision against lock gates

- Local crushing then global deformation
- Global deformation (bending + membrane) mainly governed by gate side and horizontal stiffeners
- Extension of super-element method
 - Elastic deformation
 - Stiffener damaged sections



Porte d'écluse busquée



Reference

L. Buldgen, H. Le Sourne, Ph. Rigo – Simplified analytical method for estimating the resistance of lock gates to ship impacts – Journal of Applied Mathematics, 2012 – DOI 10.1155/2012/763849

Ship collision against lock gates

- Local crushing then global deformation
- Global deformation (bending + membrane) mainly governed by gate side and horizontal stiffeners

• Extension of super-element method

- Elastic deformation
- Stiffener damaged sections
- Adaptation to mitred gates
- Extension to impact of barge



Porte d'écluse busquée



References

L. Buldgen, H. Le Sourne, Ph. Rigo – Fast Strength Assessment of Mitred Gates to Ship Impact – International Journal of Crashworthiness, 2013 – DOI 10.1080/13588265.
2013.802146
L. Buldgen, H. Le Sourne – A simplified analytical method to estimate the resistance of plane lock gates impacted by river barges – Marine Structures, Vol 43, 2015 – DOI

10.1016/j.marstruc.2015.06.001

Ship collision against offshore wind turbine

• Jacket: cylindrical tubes assembly









Ship collision against offshore wind turbine

- Jacket: cylindrical tubes assembly
- Detailed F.E.A
 - Different scenarios, different striking ships
 - Sensitivity analysis (gravity, soil, etc.)





Reference

H. Le Sourne, A. Barrera, J.B. Maliakel – Numerical crashworthiness analysis of an offshore wind turbine jacket impacted by a ship – Journal of Marine Science and Technology, Vol 23 (5) pp 694-704, 2015 – DOI: 10.6119/JMST-015-0529-1

Ship collision against offshore wind turbine

- Jacket: cylindrical tubes assembly
- Detailed F.E.A
 - Different scenarios, different striking ships
 - Sensitivity analysis (gravity, soil, etc.)

o Super-element « cylinder »

- Tube crushed by ship bow or bulb
- Tube punched by another tube



Deformation mechanism of a tube section

Reference

L. Buldgen, H. Le Sourne, T. Pire – Extension of the super-element method to the analysis of a jacket impacted by a ship – Marine Structures, Vol 38 pp 44-71, 2014



Ship collision against offshore wind turbine

- Jacket: cylindrical tubes assembly
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• **Results**

- Ok for low energy impact $(V_{OSV} \le 2m/s)$
- Else, coupling the S.E. becomes necessary



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Reference

L. Buldgen, H. Le Sourne, T. Pire – Extension of the super-element method to the analysis of a jacket impacted by a ship – Marine Structures, Vol 38 pp 44-71, 2014

Ship collision against offshore wind turbine

Recent developments on jackets

- Include super-element coupling
- Include legs and brackets local buckling
- Implement all deformation modes into the same solver







Reference

Crashworthiness of offshore wind turbine jackets based on the continuous element method - PhD thesis ULiège / ICAM (2018)

Ship collision against offshore wind turbine

• Monopile

- Detailed F.E.A
 - Different scenarios, different striking ships
 - Sensitivity analysis (Soil, wind direction, etc.)
- Super-element under development

Reference

Andreea Bela, Hervé Le Sourne, Loïc Buldgen, Philippe Rigo – Ship Collision Analysis on Offshore Wind Turbine Monopile Foundation - Marine Structures 51 (2017) pp 220-241



Ship collision against offshore wind turbine

o **Monopile**

- Detailed F.E.A
 - Different scenarios, different striking ships
 - Sensitivity analysis (Soil, wind direction, etc.)
- Super-element under development

• Floating Platforms

- Detailed F.E.A
 - Different scenarios, different striking ships
 - External dynamics (MCOL)
 - Multiple impacts
- Super-element under development

Reference

Sara Echeverry, Hervé Le Sourne, Lucas Marquez, Philippe Rigo – Numerical Crashworthiness Analysis of a Spar Floating Offshore Wind Turbine impacted by a Ship – 8th International Conference on Collision and Grounding of Ships, Lisbon 2019



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5. CONCLUSION

• A Pre-design method

- Rapid and reliable
- Suitable for complete risk analysis
- Allows for structural optimization

• **But...**

- This is a simplified method
- ... based on several hypotheses
- ... to be used in complementarity with F.E.A









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